

DEVELOPMENT GUIDE

ALTA DS 2

ARTiGO A900

VAB-1000

Android BSP 3.0

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## Revision History

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1. Overview

This Development Guide provides a practical introduction for the **ALTA DS2/ARTIGO A900/VAB-1000** platforms. It helps developers to efficiently setup the development environment and build a working image by following this guide. This guide will use VIA Elite E1000 as an example instead of **ALTA DS 2/ARTIGO A900/VAB-1000**, since the VIA Elite E1000 BSP integrated the whole platforms on one single BSP.

Developers can construct the framework and develop the application, as well as the tools for development, testing, and publishing software on the platform.

In addition, this documentation helps developers to understand the VIA Elite E1000 platform and how to use the Android BSP on VIA Elite E1000.

## 1.2. Package Content

The package downloaded from VIA Embedded website includes software packages and documents which help the developers to quickly start the development on the VIA Elite E1000 target device.

**BSP:** The package includes u-boot, kernel, Android source code, Android patches for Elite E1000 and tool chain.

BSP	Version
U-Boot	2013.07
Kernel	android-3.10
Android	android-4.4.2_r2
Patch	date code (YYMMDD.hhmm)
ToolChain	2011.09

Table 1 BSP content

**Note:**

1. Android: Developers can download Android source code from Android Open Source Project as well.
2. Patch: Android patch code of Elite E1000.
3. ToolChain: The tool chain package is used to build u-boot and kernel.

**EVK (Evaluation Kit):** The binary package includes eloader, u-boot, kernel, android and firmware installation package.

<b>EVK</b>	
<b>FirmwareInstall</b>	<p>Firmware installer used to upgrade firmware for the target device. Including below binary files under <b>bspinst</b> folder:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>ELoader:</b> Primary boot loader used to initialize the hardware.</li> <li>● <b>U-Boot:</b> Second boot Loader used to initialize the hardware and boot from the operation system.</li> <li>● <b>Kernel:</b> Linux kernel used to provide system program services and manage hardware and software resources.</li> <li>● <b>Android:</b> A mobile operating system based on the Linux kernel and developed by Google.</li> </ul>
<b>Tools</b>	 <b>SmartETK</b>  <b>OTA</b>  <b>S3PCDEditor</b>

**Table 2 EVK content**

**Document:** Includes the development guide and any other documents required for the development.

Document
Development Guide
Evaluation Guide
Android Smart ETK SDK Programming Guide

**Table 3 Document content**

## 2. Setup Building Environment

This chapter will guide you through setting up the developing environment.

### 2.1. Configure the host computer

Developers need to setup a Linux build environment before any development on VIA Elite E1000 target device. The following Ubuntu branches are supported.

- Version: Ubuntu 12.04 LTS 64-Bits

Developers can refer to [Android Source Code webpage](#) (<http://source.android.com/source/initializing.html>) to get more information about setting up the development environment.

### 2.2. Install the Tool Chain

A tool chain installed is required before building the uboot and Linux kernel images. The following procedure would guide developers to setup the tool chain properly.

- Download the BSP Zip file from VIA Embedded website and then decompress it. Developers can get Tool Chain under BSP/ToolChain.
  - **Package Name:** arm\_201109\_gcc4.6.1.tgz
  - **Cross Compile Name:** arm-none-linux-gnueabi-
  - **Alias Name:** arm\_1109\_le-

- Unpack arm\_201109\_gcc4.6.1.tgz

```
#The general user account is "user" and its home folder is /home/user in  
this example.
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ mkdir ~/bin
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ tar -zxf BSP/ToolChain/arm_201109_gcc4.6.1.tgz -C ~/bin
```

- Export Tool Chain bin path.

The account for this example is general user. To modify **.bashrc** which depends on developer's account home directory.

```
#The general user account is "user" and its home folder is /home/user in  
this example.
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ vi ~/.bashrc
```

```
# Add Tool Chain bin path to $PATH
```

```
export PATH=~/bin/opt/codesourcery/arm-2011.09/mybin:$PATH
```

```
# Save and exit
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ source ~/.bashrc
```

```
# Reload .bashrc
```

## 2.3. Install the JDK

The Android 4.4.2 requires Java JDK. A Java 6 SE needs to be installed properly before building the Android framework. The following procedure would guide developers through installing the Java JDK properly on Ubuntu. There are two ways to install the Java JDK.

### [Way 1]

- Install JDK through apt package management

Default source list in Ubuntu 12.04 does not provide Java 6 JDK. Developers have to add a new server manually.

```
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo add-apt-repository ppa:webupd8team/java
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt-get update
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt-get install oracle-java6-installer
```

- Verify the JAVA version

```
user@ubuntu:~$ java -version
java version "1.6.0_45"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.6.0_45-b06)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 20.45-b01, mixed mode)
```

## [Way 2]

- Download the corresponding version of Java JDK from Oracle official website and install it. The Java 6 SE Development Kit is used by this guide.  
<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javasebusiness/downloads/java-archive-downloads-javase6-419409.html>
- Copy jdk binary to the library folder and execute the binary.

```
user@ubuntu:~$ cp jdk-xxxx-linux-xxx.bin /usr/lib
user@ubuntu:~$ cd /usr/lib
user@ubuntu:~$ ./jdk-xxxx-linux-xxx.bin
# jdk-xxxx-linux-xxx.bin: is the JDK binary you downloaded.
```

- Configure the Environment Variables for JDK.

```
user@ubuntu:~$ vi ~/.bashrc
# Add JAVA_HOME, CLASSPATH and new PATH.
export JAVA_HOME=/<java install directory>/jdkx.xx.x_xx
export CLASSPATH=.:${JAVA_HOME}/lib
export PATH=${JAVA_HOME}/bin:$PATH

# Save and exit
user@ubuntu:~$ source ~/.bashrc
# Reload .bashrc
# "x.xx.x_xx": is the version number of java JDK.
# <java install directory>: is the directory of JAVA
```

- Verify the JAVA version

```
user@ubuntu:~$ java -version
java version "1.6.0_45"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.6.0_45-b06)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 20.45-b01, mixed mode)
```

## 2.4. Installing the required packages

The developers should install the required packages according to the host OS version. The developers should refer to [Android Source Code webpage](http://source.android.com/source/initializing.html) (<http://source.android.com/source/initializing.html>) to install the necessary software packages before any development. Here is an example for Ubuntu 12.04.x LTS 64-Bits:

```
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt-get install libglapi-mesa:i386
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt-get install git gnupg flex bison gperf build-
essential zip curl libc6-dev libncurses5-dev:i386 x11proto-core-dev
libx11-dev:i386 libreadline6-dev:i386 libgl1-mesa-glx:i386 libgl1-mesa-dev
g++-multilib mingw32 tofrodos python-markdown libxml2-utils xscreensaver
zlib1g-dev:i386
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo ln -s /usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/mesa/libGL.so.1
/usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libGL.so
user@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt-get install u-boot-mkimage
```

**Note:**

1. Due to libgl1-mesa-glx:i386 has dependence issue, please install it first.  
\$ sudo apt-get install libglapi-mesa:i386
2. Please refer to Appendix C if developer encounters Ubuntu 12.04.3 (and above) booting hang issue after installing the "libglapi-mesa:i386" and "libgl1-mesa-glx:i386".

# 3. Build the BSP

This section will describe the process of how to build the environment for Elite E1000 Android BSP for the target platform and how to compile each component from the BSP.

The Android building system does not compile kernel on-fly. It only contains a prebuilt kernel binary which will be added to the target image. This approach may be good enough for the Arm Emulator target, but not suitable for a real target device. The Elite E1000 platforms have various hardware features. The kernel image and its modules may need to be adjusted at compile time or runtime according to the different Elite E1000 platform you ordered. The developers would be able to setup a workable target device by following this document.

## 3.1. Prepare the BSP Source Tree

The VIA Elite E1000 Android BSP includes several source packages under **BSP** directory and all the packages are packed as tgz format located on the subdirectories with the same package name below.

- **Kernel Packages:**

- KERNEL\_Full\_Src\*.tgz

It is the full kernel source tree including the Linux 3.10 with source code.

- KERNEL\_Modules\_Src\*.tgz

It is the module source code package working with the VIA Elite E1000 graphic and video engines.

- **Android Package:**

- android-4.4.2\_r2-140415.tgz

It is the android source code package downloaded from Google.

<https://android.googlesource.com>

- **Patch Package:**

- ANDROID\_Patch\_Src \*.tgz

The patch is the modified sources from Google android source package above.

- **U-Boot Package**

- U-BOOT\_Full\_Src\*.tgz

It is the full uboot source code package.

## 3.2. BSP building procedure

This section describes how to build the kernel, android and uboot images from the VIA Elite E1000 Android BSP.

### 3.2.1. Build the Kernel

The Android is a mobile operation system based on the Linux kernel. The developers would need to build a kernel image for the target device based on what VIA Elite E1000 system is on hands before building the Android framework. Followings are the reference commands to build the kernel:

```
# setup environment parameters
# The kernel source path in this example is BSP/Kernel
user@ubuntu:~$ export KERNEL_BASE_PKG=BSP/Kernel/KERNEL_Full_Src*.tgz
user@ubuntu:~$ export KERNEL_MODULE_PKG=
BSP/Kernel/KERNEL_Modules_Src*.tgz
# my_dir can be changed to any folder name by developer
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_PATH=my_dir
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH=$PROCESSING_PATH/kernel-3.10
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH=$PROCESSING_PATH/kernel-
3.10_modules
```

```
# build kernel
# decompress the full kernel source package to the processing folder
user@ubuntu:~$ tar zxf $KERNEL_BASE_PKG -C $PROCESSING_PATH
user@ubuntu:~$ chmod +w $PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH/* -R
user@ubuntu:~$ chmod +x $PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH/build_emmc_dt.sh
user@ubuntu:~$ cd $PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH/
user@ubuntu:~$ ./build_emmc_dt.sh arm_1109_le- -j4

# build modules
# decompress the kernel module source package to the processing folder
user@ubuntu:~$ tar zxf $KERNEL_MODULE_PKG -C $PROCESSING_PATH
user@ubuntu:~$ chmod +w $PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH/* -R
user@ubuntu:~$ make -C $PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH
KDIR=$PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH MDIR=$PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH modules
CROSS_COMPILE=arm_1109_le- -j4

# Check images generated under following directories after doing above
procedures.

Kernel :
$PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH/arch/arm/boot/zImage
Modules :
$PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH/s3g_core/s3g.ko
$PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH/s3g_core/s3g_core.ko
```

### 3.2.2. Build the Android

The Android image should be built according to the configuration. Following are the reference commands to build VIA Elite E1000 Android framework:

```
# setup environment parameters
# The Android source path in this example is BSP/Android
user@ubuntu:~$ export ANDROID_BASE_PKG=BSP/Android/android-4.4.2_r2-
140415.tgz
# The Android patch files path in this example is BSP/Patch
user@ubuntu:~$ export ANDROID_PATCH_PKG=BSP/Patch/ANDROID_Patch_Src*.tgz
# my_dir can be changed to any folder name by developer
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_PATH=my_dir
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH=$PROCESSING_PATH/android-
4.4.2_r2

# build android
# decompress the Android original source package and the patch to the
processing folder
user@ubuntu:~$ tar zxf $ANDROID_BASE_PKG -C $PROCESSING_PATH
user@ubuntu:~$ tar zxf $ANDROID_PATCH_PKG -C $PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH

# update kernel (it's rename, not copy to kernel folder)
user@ubuntu:~$ cp -rf $PROCESSING_KERNEL_PATH/arch/arm/boot/zImage \
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/device/via/elite1000/kernel

# update module
user@ubuntu:~$ cp -rf $PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH/s3g_core/s3g.ko \
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/device/via/elite1000/
user@ubuntu:~$ cp -rf $PROCESSING_MODULE_PATH/s3g_core/s3g_core.ko \
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/device/via/elite1000/

user@ubuntu:~$ make -C $PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH TARGET_PRODUCT=elite1000 \
TARGET_BUILD_VARIANT=user -j4
or
user@ubuntu:~$ make -C $PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH TARGET_PRODUCT=elite1000 \
TARGET_BUILD_VARIANT=userdebug -j4

# build otapackage
user@ubuntu:~$ make -C $PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH otapackage \
TARGET_PRODUCT=elite1000 TARGET_BUILD_VARIANT=user -j4
or
user@ubuntu:~$ make -C $PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH otapackage \
TARGET_PRODUCT=elite1000 TARGET_BUILD_VARIANT=userdebug -j4

# Check images generated under following directories after doing above
procedures.
```

```
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/boot.img  
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/recovery.img  
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/system.img  
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/userdata.img  
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/cache.img  
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/*ota*.zip //ota package  
  
$PROCESSING_ANDROID_PATH/out/target/product/elite1000/obj/PACKAGING/target_files_intermediates/*target_files*.zip //target file  
  
# post build for release keys and sign (optional, for release purpose only)  
refer to http://www.kandroid.org/online-pdk/guide/release\_keys.html
```

### 3.2.3. Build the U-Boot

The u-boot would initiate the required hardware for booting and loading the kernel image from boot storage into memory. Followings are the reference commands to build VIA Elite E1000 u-boot:

```
# setup environment parameters  
# The U-boot source path in this example is BSP/U-Boot  
user@ubuntu:~$ export UBOOT_FULL_PKG=BSP/U-Boot/U-BOOT_Full_Src*.tgz  
  
# my_dir can be changed to any folder name by developer  
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_PATH=my_dir  
user@ubuntu:~$ export PROCESSING_UBOOT_PATH=$PROCESSING_PATH/uboot-2013.07  
  
# build uboot  
# decompress the source package to the processing folder  
user@ubuntu:~$ tar zxf $UBOOT_FULL_PKG -C $PROCESSING_PATH  
user@ubuntu:~$ chmod +w $PROCESSING_UBOOT_PATH/* -R  
user@ubuntu:~$ chmod +x  
$PROCESSING_UBOOT_PATH/build_elite1000_evm_emmc_config.sh  
user@ubuntu:~$ cd $PROCESSING_UBOOT_PATH/
```

```
user@ubuntu:~$ ./build_elite1000_evm_emmc_config.sh arm_1109_le -j4

# Check images generated under the directory after doing above procedures.

$PROCESSING_UBOOT_PATH/u-boot.bin
$PROCESSING_UBOOT_PATH/u-boot.vcd
```

# 4. Making Android System Booting Media

This chapter describes how to install and upgrade the firmware for VIA Elite E1000. Developers could follow the procedure described in section 4.1 below for installing the firmware provided by the EVK software package. Developers could also prepare the firmware installation package for firmware upgrade after the modification on BSP by following the rest of content in this section.

## 4.1. Requirements

- Linux development computer
- SD/uSD storage card
- EVK package
  - Elite1000 Android4.4.2 EVK\*.tgz (Support ext4 SD/uSD)
  - Elite1000 Android4.4.2 FirmwareInstall vfat bspinst\*.tgz (Support vfat SD/uSD)

**Note:**

1. For the vfat EVK installation package, please refer to Appendix B to get more installation process.

## 4.2. EVK Installation Package

The up-to-date firmware is included in the latest EVK package which could be downloaded from VIA Embedded Website. Developers can follow the steps

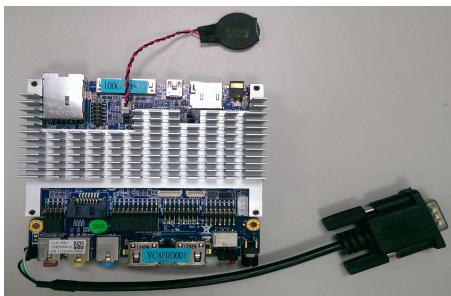
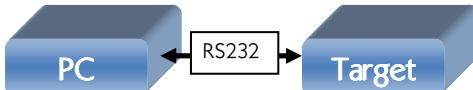
to install the firmware package which is supported in ext4 formatted SD/uSD storage card for evaluation from EVK without building BSP directly.

**Step 1:** Prepare a SD/uSD storage card with ext4 formatted.

**Step 2:** Copy firmware package from /EVK/FirmwareInstall/\*.\* to SD/uSD storage card root directory. Developers can check content in SD/uSD storage card when finish copying files.

```
#The mount path of SD/uSD for this example is /mnt/tmp1  
user@ubuntu:~$ ls /mnt/tmp1  
bspinst _EXT4_SD_CARD_ONLY_ scriptcmd
```

**Step 3:** The recommended connection of debug port between device and Linux host computer is shown as Figure 1 . The target device for this example is VAB-1000. For other target device connection, developers can download the other device's **User Manual** from VIA Embedded web site.



```
#Setting in Terminal AP, ex: Putty  
Baud Rate: 115200  
Data: 8 bit  
Parity: none  
Stop: 1 bit  
Flow control: none
```

Figure 1 Debug port connection and setting

The u-boot will wait 3 seconds to stop booting after powering on by pressing any key. When booting is stopped, that prompt sign will show up on terminal screen. Developers can skip to access u-boot setting if nothing needs to be changed.

```
#The booting message for this example is VAB-1000
eloader-32.00.01 start up!
board_id:73a1
cpu_freq: 1G
mclk: 667M

Product Version:unspecified
Update List (Commit):unspecified

U-Boot 32.01.00-elite1000 (May 21 2015 - 11:38:29)

Board: ELITE1000 EVM
I2C: ready
No support HDMI-IN u-boot, Only reserve 8MB for secure boot
DRAM: 2 GiB
MMC: S3Graphics Elite SD/MMC: 0, S3Graphics Elite SD/MMC: 1, S3Graphics
Elite SD/MMC: 2
connected devices = 0x8000
Bios connect devices is 0x8000.
IGA1 device is 0x8000
IGA2 device is 0x0
Output for IGA1 is: 0x8000
SD/MMC: Select 400KHz as clock rate
mask data:4
elite_mci_command: waiting for status update
mask data:4
elite_mci_command: waiting for status update
SD/MMC: Select 400KHz as clock rate
SD/MMC: Select 50MHz as clock rate
Loading boot logo BMP file w/ 502x302 from eMMC
set mode on IGA[0]->DP5(Preferred Mode)      [OK]
    source mode: 1920x1200, 32 bit
    scaler size: 1920x1200
    dest mode: 1920x1200@6000
Elite PCIe port 0: pp->base 0      0xd80b0000
RP before 0x250 0x20000007
RP middle 0x250 0x20000003
RP after 0x250 0x20000003
Elite PCIe port 1: pp->base 1      0xd80c0000
RP before 0x250 0x20000006
RP middle 0x250 0x20000002
RP after 0x250 0x20000002
Set 0 norm base address d80b1018 base c0000000, size 00001000
Set 1 perf base address d80b1020 base c0100000, size 00004000
In:    serial
Out:   serial
Err:   serial
press any key to abort fastboot!
0
```

```

Device is locked
lba size = 512
lba_start      partition_size          name
===== ===== =====
      34      4194304(     4M)  bootlogo
    8226      524288(   512K)  deviceinfo
    9250      2097152(    2M)  devicetree
   13346     16777216(   16M)  misc
   46114     33554432(   32M)  recovery
  111650     33554432(   32M)  boot
  177186     536870912(  512M)  system
 1225762     536870912(  512M)  cache
 2274338     2744630272( 2617M)  userdata
===== ===== =====
info partition magic 0x0 invalid, assuming none
No existing device info found.
Setting serial number from constant (no dieid info)
fastboot serial_number = 00123ABCDEF
Returning key pressed false
boot_method is 1

fbt_preboot: request for a normal boot
Net:    REALTEK RTL8168 @ 0xc0000000
MCFG:  RTL8168G/8111G (0020)
RTL8168
Hit any key to stop autoboot:  3

```

```

#To type "pri" to print out current u-boot parameter or type "boot" to
boot up directly

S3 # pri
androidno=030a3d8408e49475
baudrate=115200
bootargs=console=ttyS1,115200n8 root=/dev/mmcblk0p1
rootflags=errors=remount-ro,commit=0 rootfstype=
ext4 rw init=/init rootdelay=1 androidboot.serialno=030a3d8408e49475
bootargs_default=console=ttyS1,115200n8 root=/dev/mmcblk0p1
bootargs_emmc=setenv bootargs ${kernelargs}
androidboot.serialno=${androidno} root=/dev/mmcblk0p9 ro
otwait rootflags=errors=remount-ro,commit=0 rootfstype=ext4 rw ${mtddparts}
init=/init rw
bootargs_mmc=setenv bootargs ${kernelargs}
androidboot.serialno=${androidno} root=/dev/mmcblk0p1 ro
otwait rootflags=errors=remount-ro,commit=0 rootfstype=ext4 rw ${mtddparts}
init=/init rw
bootargs_nand=setenv bootargs ${kernelargs}
androidboot.serialno=${androidno} root=/dev/mtdblock15 r
ootfstype=yaffs2 init=/init rw
bootcmd=emmc format;run bootargs_mmc; ext4load mmc 0:1 0x0 scriptcmd; if
iminfo 0x0; then source 0;
else run bootcmd_mmc; fi
bootcmd_default=run bootargs_mmc; ext4load mmc 0:1 0x0 scriptcmd; if
iminfo 0x0; then source 0; else
  run bootcmd_mmc; fi
bootcmd_emmc=run bootargs_emmc && ext4load mmc 2:9 0x6000000 elite1000-

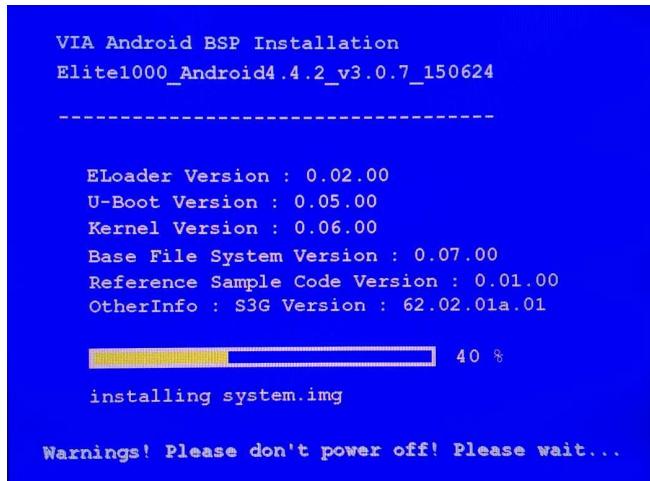
```

```
emmc.dtb; ext4load mmc 2:9 0x2800000 uImage; if iminfo 0x2800000; then bootm 0x2800000 - 0x6000000;
else run bootcmd_nand; fi
bootcmd_mmc=run bootargs_mmc && ext4load mmc 0:1 0x6000000 bspinst/elite1000-emmc.dtb; ext4load mmc 0:1 0x2800000 bspinst/uImage; if iminfo 0x2800000; then bootm 0x2800000 - 0x6000000; else run bootcm_d_emmc; fi
bootcmd_nand=run bootargs_nand; setenv bootcmd "booti boot"; boot;
bootdelay=3
bootdir=/boot
bootfile=uImage
ethact=RTL8168
ethaddr=00:1a:32:b0:12:63
fastboot_unlocked=0
fdt_high=0xffffffff
fdtaddr=0x10000000
fdtfile=undefined
filesize=dc2
initrd_high=0xffffffff
kernelargs=console=ttyS1,115200n8 rootdelay=1
loadaddr=0x80200000
mtddids=nand0=nand
mtdparts=mtdparts=nand:4M(secureboot),4M(secureos),4M(audiofirmware),2M(uboot_env),4M(uboot),4M(boot_logo),4M(nvram),12M(devicetree),32M(otaloader),32M(iploader),16M(device_info),16M(misc),16M(boot),16M(recovery),384M(system),32M(package),384M(cache),-(data)
nand_setup=ext4load mmc 0:1 0x2000000 bspinst/boot_script.uimg; source 0x2000000
other_env=ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/other_env.uimg; source 0x1000;
rdaddr=0x81000000
setup_bootloader=ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg; source 0x1000;
setup_emmc=ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg; source 0x1000; ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/uboot_emmc_setup.uimg; source 0x1000;
setup_img=ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/img_setup.uimg; source 0x1000;
setup_nand=ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg; source 0x1000; ext4load mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/uboot_nand_setup.uimg; source 0x1000;
stderr=serial
stdin=serial
stdout=serial

Environment size: 2791/65531 bytes
S3 # boot
```

**Step 4:** Assert SD/uSD storage card to target device and then power on. The installation will execute automatically as shown in Figure 2~Figure 3.

**Step 5:** Remove SD/uSD storage card when “Please remove installation media” message shown in Figure 4. The device will reboot automatically and then bootup Android.



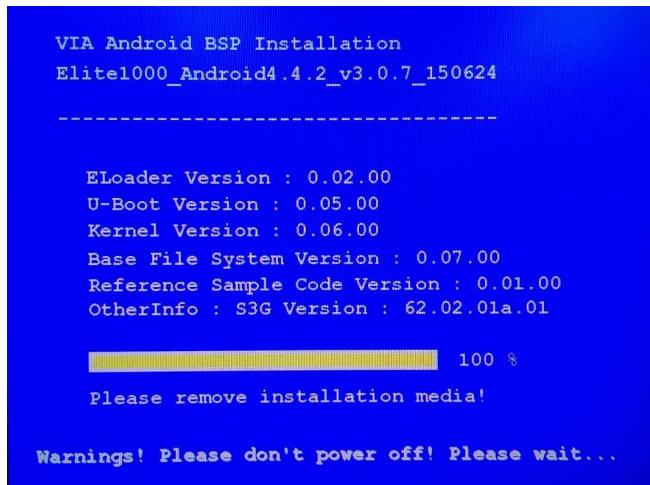
```
VIA Android BSP Installation
Elite1000_Android4.4.2_v3.0.7_150624
-----
ELoader Version : 0.02.00
U-Boot Version : 0.05.00
Kernel Version : 0.06.00
Base File System Version : 0.07.00
Reference Sample Code Version : 0.01.00
OtherInfo : S3G Version : 62.02.01a.01

[██████████] 40 %

installing system.img

Warnings! Please don't power off! Please wait...
```

Figure 2 Installation progressing



```
VIA Android BSP Installation
Elite1000_Android4.4.2_v3.0.7_150624
-----
ELoader Version : 0.02.00
U-Boot Version : 0.05.00
Kernel Version : 0.06.00
Base File System Version : 0.07.00
Reference Sample Code Version : 0.01.00
OtherInfo : S3G Version : 62.02.01a.01

[██████████] 100 %

Please remove installation media!

Warnings! Please don't power off! Please wait...
```

Figure 3 Finish installing and message shows up



Figure 4 Finish installing and reboot count down procedure

## 4.3. Update Firmware Package

Developers can skip 4.3.1~4.3.6 if it's not needed to update firmware package which built by himself.

### 4.3.1. How to update the u-boot

Developers could update the u-boot image in SD/uSD storage card then upgrade the firmware for VIA Elite E1000 after the u-boot is modified. Follow the procedure to update the u-boot image in the firmware installation package.

- Refer to “Build U-Boot” section of Development Guide to get the u-boot.bin
- Copy u-boot.bin to the /bspinst/u-boot.bin into SD/uSD storage card

### 4.3.2. How to update boot.img

Developers would need to update the boot.img image in SD/uSD storage card then upgrade the firmware for VIA Elite E1000 after the Android framework is modified. Follow the procedure to update the boot.img image in the firmware installation package.

- Refer to “Build Android” section of Development Guide to get the u-boot.img
- Copy boot.img to the /bspinst/boot.img into SD/uSD storage card

### 4.3.3. How to update system.img

Developers would need to update the system.img image in SD/uSD storage card then upgrade the firmware for VIA Elite E1000 after the Android framework is modified. Follow the procedure to update the system.img image in the firmware installation package.

- Refer to “Build Android” section of Development Guide to get the system.img
- Copy system.img to the /bspinst/system.img of SD/uSD storage card

### 4.3.4. How to update recovery.img

Developers would need to update the recovery.img image in SD/uSD storage card then upgrade the firmware for VIA Elite E1000 after the Android framework is modified. Follow the procedure to update the recovery.img image in the firmware installation package.

- Refer to “Build Android” section of Development Guide to get the recovery.img

- Copy recovery.img to the /bspinst/recovery.img of SD/uSD storage card

#### 4.3.5. How to update userdata.img

Developers would need to update the userdata.img image in SD/uSD storage card then upgrade the firmware for VIA Elite E1000 after the Android framework is modified. Follow the procedure to update the userdata.img image in the firmware installation package.

- Refer to “Build Android” section of Development Guide to get the userdata.img
- Copy userdata.img to the /bspinst/userdata.img of SD/uSD storage card

#### 4.3.6. How to update version information

Developers could set the proper version number by modifying the version file below.

- Modify /bspinst/version in SD/uSD storage card

#### 4.3.7. How to update OTA package (Optional)

Developers can update OTA package locally. The OTA package for this example is obtained from EVK/Tools/signed-elite1000-ota-\* .zip.

**Step1:** Copy zip file to the SD/uSD storage card or USB flash drive.

**Step2:** Insert SD/uSD storage card or USB flash drive to the target device.

**Step3:** Make sure the debug port is connecting to PC through the RS232 cable.

**Step4:** Power on the target device and wait for Andorid booting up completely. Developers can see the prompt as below:

```
# Press "Enter" key in the terminal application if Android boot up completely  
root@elite1000:/ #
```

**Step5:** Execute the following command:

```
# Press "Enter" key in the terminal application if Android boot up completely  
root@elite1000:/ #  
root@elite1000:/ # mkdir /cache/recovery/  
root@elite1000:/ # cp -f /mnt/<<Path of Storage>>/signed-elite1000-ota-* .zip /cache //File name depend on the real full file name  
root@elite1000:/ # echo "--update_package=/cache/signed-elite1000-ota-* .zip" > /cache/recovery/command  
root@elite1000:/ #reboot recovery
```



**Figure 5 OTA in progress**

**Step6:** System will reboot when OTA finish. Developer can check log file under /cache.

## 4.4. Setup U-Boot additional environment variables

U-Boot already has its own default environment variables after erasing and flashing u-boot.bin to SPI ROM. If developers want to add additional variables, developers could modify the script file 'other\_env.uimg'. Please prepare an Ubuntu working system and make sure that 'apt-get install uboot-mkimage' has been installed.

- Make sure the uboot-mkimage has been installed.

### 4.4.1. How to make 'other\_env.uimg'?

Follow U-Boot command rules and store the commands in a plain text file. For example, create a <my\_other\_env>.txt file as follows:

```
1 ##VIA uboot_env_script##  
2  
3 #setenv <env_name> '<env_contents>'  
4 #saveenv  
5  
6 echo *** VIA UBoot Other ENV Setting Done ***;
```

```
# create U-Boot image script file.  
user@ubuntu:~$ mkimage -A arm -T script -C none -d <my_other_env>.txt  
other_env.uimg  
# copy other_env.uimg to the /bspinst/other_env.uimg in SD/uSD card.
```

## 4.5. Adjust config file of Firmware Installation Package

To modify **/bspinst/bspinst.cfg**, developers can refer the below setting depending on the platform.

```
#Example
setenv boot-target ds2-2G
<!--
boot-target :
    vab1000      /* vab1000 */,
    a900         /* a900 */,
    ds2-1G       /* ds2-1G */,
    ds2-2G       /* ds2-2G */,
-->
```

## 5. Functionality

VIA Elite E1000 is designed with enhanced features including UART and Watchdog Timer support. These Functions can be controlled by SmartETK Tool under Android Environment. For more details of SmartETK, please refer to "**Android Smart ETK SDK Programming Guide.pdf**" in the "**Document**" Folder and install the same APK from **/EVK/Tools/SmartETK** for evaluation directly.

# 6. Platform Specific Setting

## 6.1. Setting Panel Type through S3 PCD Editor

The platform may embed the VT1636 DVO Control Chip for Touch Panel. The supported VIA Elite E1000 device is listed below.

- VAB-1000

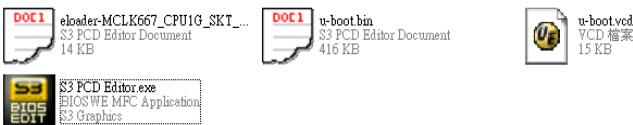
To enable the Panel Support, VIA provides an Editor Tool for changing the supported Panel Type and its related resolution to U-Boot Binary. This section describes the setting strategies for changing the supported Panel Type.

### 6.1.1. Preparation

The S3 PCD Editor Tool was located in the "TestTool" Folder and named as "S3 PCD Editor.exe". It is a Windows-Based Execution File and needs to be used under Windows OS. To use the S3 PCD Editor, the following Items need to be prepared for S3 PCD Editor Reference:

1. Target U-Boot Binary File
2. The "u-boot.vcd" file which corresponds to Target U-Boot Binary
3. S3 PCD Editor.exe

The Items (1) and (2) will be generated in the root folder of U-Boot Source Code after compiling the U-Boot. Refer to "Build U-Boot" section for details.



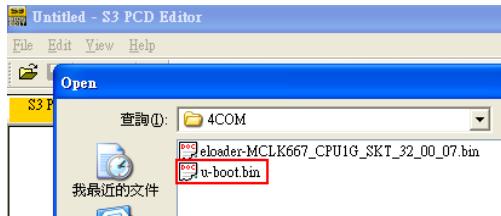
## 6.1.2. Panel Type Setting Strategy

After preparing the required items described in Section 6.1.1, you can change the Supported Panel Types by following the Steps:

1. Open the "u-boot.vcd" and modify the Property of "VT1636" in "Supported DVO Devices" Section from "CONST BOOL" to "BOOL". This will allow you to enable the VT1636 DVO Chip Support.

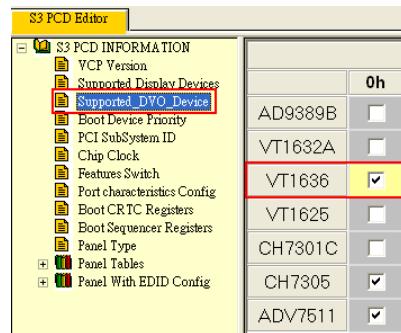
```
;=====
;           Supported DVO Devices (VCP_SupportedDVODeviceType)
;
BeginStruct Supported_DVO_Device 5EA28
    "AD9389B"      CONST BOOL
    "VT1632A"      CONST BOOL
    "VT1636"        BOOL
    "VT1625"        CONST BOOL
    "CH7301C"       CONST BOOL
    "CH7305"        CONST BOOL
    "ADV7511"       CONST BOOL
EndStruct
```

2. Execute the "S3 PCD Editor.exe" and open the "u-boot.bin" of the Target U-Boot Binary.

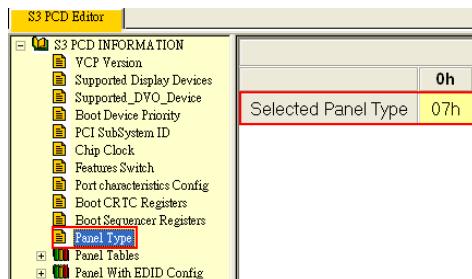


# Make sure the corresponding "u-boot.vcd" is located in the same folder of U-Boot Binary.

3. Select the "Supported\_DVO\_Device" Menu and enable the "VT1636" to support the VT1636 DVO Control Chip.



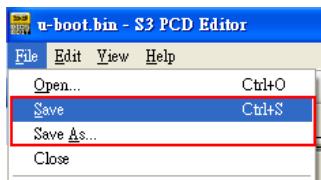
4. Select the "Panel Type" Menu to set the correct Panel Resolution for your Panel.



5. You can select the "Panel Table" Page to check the details of the Panel Setting you used. The Setting can be modified manually for specific purpose.

	<b>0h</b>
HoriSize	1280
VertSize	800
PanelChar	
Dual Channel	<input type="checkbox"/>
24 Bit Panel	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Dither	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MSB Color Mapping	<input type="checkbox"/>
Min Off to On Wait time (ms)	500
Default SSC range	300
Panel EDID detailed timing	

6. Be sure to "Save" the Setting after exiting the S3 PCD Editor.



# Appendix A. Definitions

<b>Android</b>	Android is a trademark of Google Inc.
<b>ARM</b>	ARM is a trademark of ARM Inc.
<b>BSP</b>	Board Support Package
<b>HDMI</b>	High Definition Multimedia Interface
<b>SD</b>	Secure Digital Multimedia Card
<b>uSD</b>	Micro Size Secure Digital Multimedia Card
<b>Elite E1000</b>	The Target Product Name
<b>VIA</b>	VIA Technologies, Inc.

# Appendix B. EVK Installation Package through vfat SD/uSD

## B.1. Requirements

- Linux development computer
- SD/uSD storage card
- EVK package
  - Elite1000 Android4.4.2 FirmwareInstall\_vfat\_bspinst\*.tgz  
(Support vfat SD/uSD)

## B.2. EVK Installation Package

**Step 1:** Prepare a SD/uSD storage card with vfat formatted.

**Step 2:** Copy firmware package from /EVK/FirmwareInstall\_vfat\_bspinst/\*.\* to SD/uSD storage root directory.

**Step 3:** Connect debug port between device and Linux host computer.

**Step 4:** Assert SD/uSD storage card to target device and then power on. Press any key to access u-boot setting.

**Step 5:** Modify u-boot parameter

```
# Modify u-boot parameter to set fat booting.  
  
setenv bootcmd 'emmc format;run bootargs_mmc; fatload mmc 0:1 0x0  
scriptcmd; if iminfo 0x0; then source 0; else run bootcmd_mmc; fi'  
  
setenv bootcmd_default 'run bootargs_mmc; fatload mmc 0:1 0x0 scriptcmd;  
if iminfo 0x0; then source 0; else run bootcmd_mmc; fi'  
  
setenv bootcmd_mmc 'run bootargs_mmc && fatload mmc 0:1 0x6000000  
bspinst/elite1000-emmc.dtb; fatload mmc 0:1 0x2800000 bspinst/uImage; if  
iminfo 0x2800000; then bootm 0x2800000 - 0x6000000; else run bootcmd_emmc;
```

```
fi'

setenv nand_setup 'fatload mmc 0:1 0x2000000 bspinst/boot_script.uimg;
source 0x2000000'

setenv setup_bootloader 'fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000
bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg; source 0x1000;'

setenv setup_emmc 'fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg;
source 0x1000; fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/uboot_emmc_setup.uimg;
source 0x1000;'

setenv setup_nand 'fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg;
source 0x1000; fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/uboot_nand_setup.uimg;
source 0x1000;'

setenv setup_img 'fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000 bspinst/img_setup.uimg; source
0x1000;'

setenv setup_bootloader 'fatload mmc 0:1 0x1000
bspinst/bootloader_setup.uimg\; source 0x1000\;'

setenv bootcmd_mmc 'run bootargs_mmc && fatload mmc 0:1 0x6000000
bspinst/elite1000-emmc.dtb\; fatload mmc 0:1 0x2800000 bspinst/uImage\;
bootm 0x2800000 - 0x6000000\;'
```

```
# Boot up after setting.
```

```
boot
```

**Step 6:** The installation will execute automatically.

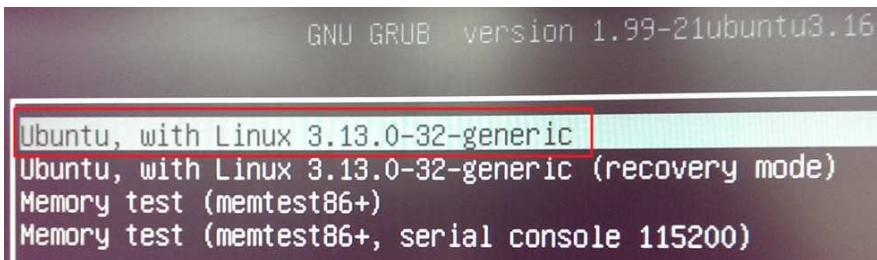
**Step 7:** Remove SD/uSD storage card when the message “Please remove installation media” is shown. The device will reboot automatically and then bootup Android.

# Appendix C. Troubleshooting

## C.1. Fail to login X-window or hang on Ubuntu

### 12.04.x

- Symptom:
  - OS may hang when the “login screen” shows when user finish installing OS and reboot for the first time.
  - X window may hang after installing the package “libglapi-mesa:i386” and “libgl1-mesa-dri:i386”.
- Workaround:
  - Boot up OS and press “ESC” until Grub screen is shown. (See the PIC, please)



- Edit the boot command by pressing “e” and then user can enter the edit progress.

```
GNU GRUB version 1.99-21ubuntu3.16
```

```
setparams 'Ubuntu, with Linux 3.13.0-32-generic'

recordfail
gfxmode $linux_gfx_mode
insmod gzio
insmod part_msdos
insmod ext2
set root='(hd0,msdos1)'
search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root 0ff994c6-1959-4134-be78-28a4\
af919516
linux /boot/vmlinuz-3.13.0-32-generic root=UUID=0ff994c6-1959-4134-b\
e78-28a4af919516 ro quiet splash $vt_handoff
initrd /boot/initrd.img-3.13.0-32-generic
```

- To replace “quite splash” with “text”, press F10 to boot up OS.

```
GNU GRUB version 1.99-21ubuntu3.16
```

```
setparams 'Ubuntu, with Linux 3.13.0-32-generic'

recordfail
gfxmode $linux_gfx_mode
insmod gzio
insmod part_msdos
insmod ext2
set root='(hd0,msdos1)'
search --no-floppy --fs-uuid --set=root 0ff994c6-1959-4134-be78-28a4\
af919516
linux /boot/vmlinuz-3.13.0-32-generic root=UUID=0ff994c6-1959-4134-b\
e78-28a4af919516 ro text $vt_handoff
initrd /boot/initrd.img-3.13.0-32-generic
```

- User will enter text mode.
- Be sure the network is workable and user can install xserver-xorg-lts-precise to fix the X-window login issue.

```
$sudo apt-get install xserver-xorg-lts-precise
```

- Reboot OS and user should be able to login into Ubuntu 12.04.x

## C.2. Fail to update the Firmware automatically

If it cannot be updated automatically after powering on, developers can type the command below in u-boot to update the firmware manually.

```
ext4load mmc 0:1 0 scriptcmd; source 0  
(please press any key on normal boot)  
press any key to abort fastboot!  
fbt_preboot: request for a normal boot  
Hit any key to stop autoboot:  0
```

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